Introduction

The advanced hydrographic surveying elective syllabus item E2 criteria covers in depth all aspects of hydrographic and offshore surveying. E2 builds on the CBEPS hydrographic surveying mandatory syllabus item C12. If the candidate has not already passed C12, it is recommended the candidate become fully familiar with and understands the C12 Learning Outcomes, Study Guide and associated questions, and Study Material before proceeding further.

The elective E2 requires a fuller and more in depth understanding of all C12 topics. In addition, E2 covers such topics as follows: contract charting surveys, offshore engineering surveys, and offshore construction support. The charting surveys are usually undertaken under the auspices of the Canadian Hydrographic Service (CHS) or a similar entity, and the offshore surveys are usually undertaken in offshore Canada Lands for various oil and gas companies. The Learning Outcomes of E2 are a combined subset of most of the outcomes defined in the International Hydrographic Organization (IHO) S-5 document "Standards of Competence for Hydrographic Surveyors", and knowledge in offshore oil and gas surveys. Those topics which are omitted from the S-5 standard are already covered in other CBEPS subjects.

The candidate who successfully passes E2 will be able to further the interest in and activities related to hydrographic surveying within their province or territory.

The elective E2 is a requirement to become a Certified Hydrographer (CH) if the candidate does not hold a FIG/IHO/ICA CAT A or CAT B qualification, and several topics are a requirement to become a Certified Hydrographic Technician (CHTech).

Should any candidate become involved in these surveys, it is suggested that at least the Innovation, Science and Economic Development's Restricted Operator's Certificate (Maritime), and Transport Canada's Marine Emergency Duties A1 or A3, and Small Vessel Operator Proficiency certificates are obtained before any of these surveys is carried out, along with any oil and gas industry safety requirements. For candidates who chose to become a CH or CHTech then these courses in combination with practical hydrographic and/or offshore survey experience should satisfy the IHO S-5 Basic 4: Nautical Science component, which will be assessed by the Canadian Hydrographer Certification Panel (CHCP).

Recommended Prior Knowledge and Skills

Item C1: Mathematics

Item C2: Least-Squares Estimation and Data Analysis

Item C3: Advanced Surveying

Item C4: Coordinate Systems and Map Projections

Item C5: Geospatial Information Systems

Item C6: Geodetic Positioning (which includes GNSS RTK)

Item C7: Remote Sensing and Photogrammetry

Item C9: Survey Law

Item C11: Business Practice and the Profession

Item C12: Hydrographic Surveying

Item E1: Spatial Databases and Land Information Systems

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Learning Outcomes

In order to fulfil the requirements of this syllabus item, each candidate should possess **IN DEPTH** knowledge of the following topics.

1. Background and the Natural Environment

Topic	Outcome
Historical Context	Describe the history of hydrography including the development of hydrographic related measurement units, the lead line, the echo sounder, and aids to navigation. Describe the history of the determination of longitude, sextant usage, onshore marks and other physical means of positioning, and radio positioning. Describe the historic role of offshore surveying related to the international oil and gas industry.
Marine Environment Introduction	Describe oceanic marine geology, seawater properties, and seawater circulation. Describe continental margin geology and seawater circulation and composition. Describe near shore geology and seawater circulation,
	and river fresh and seawater mixing.

2. Underwater Acoustics

Topic	Outcome
Review	Full review of all associated topics in C12
Acoustic	Distinguish between plane and spherical waves. Distinguish between
Fundamentals	sound speed and particle velocity. Describe the Active Sonar Equation.
	Define acoustic units, intensities and sound levels.
Acoustic Velocity	Calculate sound speed from measurements of temperature, pressure
	(depth), and salinity (conductivity).
Sound Wave	Describe how acoustic waves are generated and define source level.
Propagation	Explain the causes of propagation loss and list the differences in water
	properties that affect propagation loss.
Ray Tracing	Describe the effects of variation of sound speed in the water column on
	the path of sound rays through the water. Describe the basic principles of
	ray path development and analysis. Predict shallow and deep sound
	channels.
Reflection and	3
Scattering of	the reflection of acoustic waves. Assess the effects of varying seafloor
Acoustic Waves	composition, texture, and slope on echo strength.
Acoustic Noise and	Identify the sources of noise in the environment and describe the effect
the Directivity	of noise on echo sounding. Define the directivity index. Describe the effect
Index	on sonar range of a variety of noise conditions and sonar directivity
	circumstances.

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3. Single Beam Echo Sounders (SBES)

Topic	Outcome
Review	Full review of all associated topics in C12
Transducers	List the transducer characteristics that affect beam width. Describe the piezo-electric principle and explain its application to transducers. Describe the arrangement of single element and multi-element array transducers.
Data Recording	Evaluate and select appropriate range, scale, and pulse repetition rate for specific applications.
Equipment Evaluation	Describe and provide an in depth analyse the technical performance of various SBES systems and how to select appropriate system(s) for certain site conditions.

4. Multibeam Echo Sounder (MBES)

Topic	Outcome
Review	Full review of all associated topics in C12
Multibeam	Explain the basic principles of MBES shading and focusing, using flat or
Transducers	curved transducers.
Coverage and	Estimate depth coverage and uncertainty, taking all factors into account.
Accuracy (or Error	
Budget)	
Object Detection	Predict the nominal sounding density on the seafloor using available information for depth, vessel speed, beam dimensions, and total swath angle. Determine the beam footprint size and sounding spacing across the swath and assess the limitations and likelihood of detecting objects on the seafloor under varying surveying conditions.
Backscatter	Describe the generation of backscatter data and the various modes of backscatter recording (e.g., beam average, side scan time series, beam time series). Explain the concept of angle dependence, angular response, and describe the signal processing steps required to obtain corrected backscatter data for seafloor characterization.
Equipment Evaluation	Describe and provide an in depth analyse the technical performance of various MBES systems and how to select appropriate system(s) for certain site conditions.

5. Phase Differencing Bathymetry (Interferometry)

Topic	Outcome
Phase Differencing	Explain the principles and geometry of interferometry and phase
Systems	differencing bathymetric sonars and the arrangement of transducer
	arrays.
Deployment and	Describe the options for deployment and mounting of phase differencing
Mounting	systems.
Equipment	Assess the relative merits of multibeam and phase differencing systems
Evaluation	for specific mapping applications in water depths from very shallow to full
	ocean depths.

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6. Side Scan Sonar (SSS)

Topic	Outcome
Review	Full review of all associated topics in C12
SSS vs MBES	Explain the differences between side scan sonar and similar data provided by MBES, interferometric multibeam or bathymetric side scan systems.
Equipment Evaluation	Describe and provide an in depth analyse the technical performance of various SSS systems and how to select appropriate system(s) for certain site conditions.

7. Sub Bottom Profiler (SBP)

Topic	Outcome
Sub Bottom	Explain the effect on sub bottom profiler performance of frequency,
Profiler Systems	resolution, gain, towing speed, and deployment (pole mount and shallow
	tow). Evaluate and select appropriate sub bottom profiler frequency,
	features and deployment, for specific applications.
Sub Bottom	Describe the different types of sub bottom profilers and their application.
Profiler Data	Explain sub bottom profiler signatures of such items as typical river bed
Interpretation	strata, debris, wrecks, pipelines, and gas.
System Selection	Identify sub bottom profiler characteristics that affect performance in varying survey applications. Specify appropriate sub bottom profiler characteristics (e.g. resolution, frequency, bandwidth, and beamwidth) for specific applications.
Equipment Evaluation	Describe and provide an in depth analyse the technical performance of various SBP systems and how to select appropriate system(s) for certain site conditions.

8. Marine Magnetometer

Topic	Outcome
Marine	Explain the effect on marine magnetometer performance of frequency,
Magnetometer	resolution, gain, towing speed, and deployment (towed or held by diver).
Systems	Evaluate and select appropriate marine magnetometer frequency,
	features and deployment, for specific applications.
Marine	Describe the different types of marine magnetometers and their
Magnetometer	application. Explain marine magnetometer signatures of such items as
Data Interpretation	debris, wrecks, and pipelines.
System Selection	Identify marine magnetometer characteristics that affect performance in
	varying survey applications. Specify appropriate sub bottom profiler
	characteristics (e.g. resolution and frequency) for specific applications.
Equipment	Describe and provide an in depth analyse the technical performance of
Evaluation	various marine magnetometers and how to select appropriate system(s)
	for certain site conditions.

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9. Tide and Non-Tidal Water Levels

Topic	Outcome
Review	Full review of all associated topics in C12
Tidal	Describe the static and dynamic tidal theories. Explain the concept of
Fundamentals	amphidromic points and co-tidal charts.
Tidal Analysis and	Determine a preliminary sounding datum from observed water levels.
Prediction	

10. Surface Positioning

Topic	Outcome
Surface	Describe total station, GNSS RTK and inertial navigation systems
Positioning	positioning for small survey launches and explain the issues and benefits
	of each. Describe GNSS systems for vessel positioning. Describe INS
	systems used for hydrographic and offshore surveys.

11. Acoustic Positioning

Topic	Outcome
Acoustic Devices	Describe the purpose and operation of acoustic devices such as:
	transponders, pingers, acoustic release (tripping) devices, speed of
	sound in water meters and acoustic Doppler current profilers. Select
	appropriate acoustic devices for particular applications.
Acoustic	Describe the principles of long, short and super short baseline acoustic
Positioning	positioning system modes. Describe signal structure, sources of error,
Systems	and expected uncertainties for each mode.
Deployment and	Describe the deployment and calibration methods for each mode.
Calibration	
Error Sources and	Predict and evaluate sources of error and expected uncertainties for each
Accuracy	system and appropriate application for positioning diver(s), a towed
	body(ies), autonomous underwater vehicles (AUV), and remotely
	operated vehicles (ROV).

12. Hydrometric Surveys (Streams and Rivers)

Topic	Outcome
Hydrometric Surveys	Discuss the requirements for and observations required including water level recording, and stream or river velocity and area of flow to compute discharge. Describe the various aspects of hydrometric surveys including stream reconnaissance, site selection, station design and construction, instrumentation, gauge height measurement, discharge calculation, stage-discharge rating and discharge compilation.
Water Sampling	Discuss the requirements for and the equipment and methods used to
	collect stream or river water samples.

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13. Other Techniques

Topic	Outcome	
Bathymetric LiDAR	Explain the principles, capabilities, and limitations of bathymetric LiDAR. Describe the environmental factors effecting bathymetric LiDAR surveys and how these conditions are complementary or not to echo sounder surveys.	
Remote Sensing Bathymetry	Describe satellite remote sensing techniques that could be used for planning and execution of hydrographic and offshore surveys. Describe UAV, USV and AUV systems and how they are used for planning and execution of hydrographic and offshore surveys.	
Mechanical Techniques	Describe bar and wire sweeps, describe how the best sweep results are achieved, and describe a wire sweep set up using a survey launch. Describe how these mechanical techniques could be used during a hydrographic survey.	
Underwater Laser Scanning	Explain the principles, capabilities, and limitations of underwater laser scanning. Describe various survey tasks which would be best undertaken with underwater laser scanning and how to achieve the collection of the best underwater laser scanning data.	
Underwater Synthetic Aperture Sonar	Describe the principles, capabilities and limitations of underwater laser scanning and underwater synthetic aperture sonar. Describe the differences between using side scan sonar and an underwater synthetic aperture sonar system, and the post processing and quality differences in the data imagery supplied by each system.	

14. Meteorology

Topic	Outcome	
The Atmosphere	Describe the vertical structure of the atmosphere.	
Meteorological Elements	Define the following parameters, explain how they are measured / classified and describe their effect on hydrographic operations: temperature, humidity, dew-point, frost-point, atmospheric pressure, clouds and precipitation, rain, snow, visibility, advection fog and radiation fog.	
Winds	Explain the relation between atmospheric pressure and winds, the origin of geostrophic winds and Buys Ballot's law. Describe wind circulation around pressure systems and the effect of friction.	
Climatology	Describe the general circulation of the atmosphere and the global distribution of pressure systems, air and sea surface temperatures, winds and precipitation over the oceans, local circulation and land and sea breezes.	
Weather Systems	Describe the elements of a weather system and their evolution (e.g. air masses, extra-tropical cyclones, anticyclones and associated weather; fronts, clouds and weather at different stages of fronts; intertropical convergence zone, tropical revolving storms and associated weather).	

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15. Oceanography

Topic	Outcome			
Physical	Explain the effects of solar radiation. Describe the optical properties of			
Properties of Sea	sea water. Explain temperature and salinity (T/S) distribution and			
Water	variation. Prepare T/S diagrams.			
Marine Circulation	Define types of circulation (e.g. geostrophic, wind-driven, Ekman spiral,			
Dynamics	slope currents, coastal and thermohaline). Explain the effect of friction.			
General	Define the general characteristics of climatic mean ocean currents.			
Circulation of the	Explain the western intensification of ocean currents and the vertical			
Oceans	circulation, along with their driving mechanisms.			
Wind Waves and	Define wave parameters. Explain the elements involved in the wave			
Swell	growth process including typical fetches. Explain the relationship between			
	winds, waves, swell, sea state (Beaufort scale), and icing conditions.			
Wave Propagation	n Define, giving practical examples: refraction, diffraction and reflection			
	Explain breaking waves, and long-shore and rip current processes.			
Oceanographic	Describe oceanographic sampling, and methods for measuring common			
Measurements	oceanographic parameters.			
Oceanographic	Describe principles of oceanographic sensors including temperature /			
Instruments	salinity (T/S) probes, current meters, wave sensors and acoustic Doppler			
	current profiler. Select equipment for specific applications.			

16. Marine Geology and Geophysics

Topic	Outcome		
Marine Geology	Describe various river and sea bed grabs, corers and samplers including		
	cone penetration test (CPT) and their uses. Describe various types of		
	dredging equipment.		
Seismic Profiling	Define the objective of continuous reflection / refraction seismic profiling,		
	and the equipment needed to conduct it.		
Geotechnical	Define the objective of geotechnical sampling. Describe geotechnical		
Sampling	sampling equipment. Explain how samples are obtained, stored, and		
	analysed.		
Deposition and	Identify types of seabed material. Describe the processes of sediment		
Erosion	transport and deposition, as well as the normal fluvial process and		
	formation of bars and other focal points of deposition. Describe the		
	methods of spoil dispersal and selection of spoil grounds.		
Environmental	Outline the basic concepts of environmental impact studies. List		
Impact	applications (e.g. to water quality, sedimentation, coastal development,		
	shipping, living and non-living resource development, etc.).		

17. Data Management

Topic		Outcome
Real-Time Acquisition Control	Data and	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Analoge Capture	Data	Explain the manual input of alphanumeric data, raster scanning processes and vector digitisation. Describe digitising systems and scanners. Describe digital data formats.

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Topic	Outcome		
Approximation and	Apply approximation and estimation procedures to survey		
Estimation	measurements. Evaluate and select the best filtering and / or cleaning procedure, for specific applications.		
Spatial Data	Describe the properties of spatial databases and Database Management		
Processing and Analysis	Systems (DBMS). Explain the concepts of raster and vector data. Explain the concepts of Geographical Information Systems (GIS) and Spatial data Infrastructures (SDI). Recognize algorithms used for spatial data selection, filtering, smoothing, approximation, estimation, correlation and analysis. Describe Digital Elevation Models (DEMs).		
Visualisation and Presentation	Explain and perform manual and automatic plotting and contouring of hydrographic data. Describe the use of vector and raster digitising and plotting systems. Describe the hydrographic applications of 3D modelling and visualisation.		
Chart and Marine Cartography			
Electronic Charts	Describe Electronic Navigational Charts (ENC), and Electronic Chart Display and Information Systems (ECDIS) (concepts, components, impact on hydrography).		

18. Hydrographic and Offshore Surveys

Topic	Outcome	
Review	Full review of all associated topics in C12	
Flood Plain Mapping	Explain the forecasting of floods and low waters in rivers draining a large basin. Describe methods of mapping flood plains. Explain how surveying is done under flood conditions.	
Nautical Charting	Describe and analyse the IHO S-44 specifications with respect to offshore industrial surveys.	
Drilling Support	Describe the purpose and conduct of drilling support surveys including drilling rig positioning, drilling rig anchor placement in congested areas, drilling rig leg sea bed inspections and the role of ROVs in such work. Define terms used to describe offshore hydrocarbon structures and drill rig equipment.	
Marine Seismic	Explain the principles and conduct of marine seismic surveys including towed streamer and gravity, transition zone and shallow marine, ocean bottom cable, ocean bottom node, and marine controlled source electromagnetic (CSEM) surveys and the role of ROVs in such work.	
Site, Hazard and Environmental Surveys	Explain the principles and conduct of site, hazard and environmental surveys including prior to shallow water seismic surveys, engineering surveys prior to platform installation, pipeline route selection, surveys prior to offshore drilling, submarine cable route selection and lay, baseline and monitor environmental surveys. Describe the role of MBES, SSS, SBP, marine magnetometer and of ROVs in such work.	
Pipeline Lay and Rectification Work		
Structure Emplacement	Explain the principles and conduct of construction support surveys including platform installation, platform as-built, platform dimensional	

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Topic	Outcome	
	control surveys, and the role of ROVs in such work. Explain the use of	
	drilling templates.	
Platform	Describe gravity-based, pile-driven, guyed, floating, and tension-leg	
Decommissioning	platforms. Explain the principles and conduct of platform decommissioning surveys including hazard survey, decommissioning and platform removal, debris clearance and sea bed rectification, and the	
	role of ROVs in such work.	

19. Hydrographic Survey Legal Aspects

Topic	Outcome	
Product Liability	Describe the liabilities associated with nautical charting and the above	
	offshore surveys and how these risks are mitigated.	
Rivers and Lakes	Describe provincial and federal legislation related to surveys over rivers and lakes.	
Law of the Sea Development	Describe the historical development of the Law of the Sea. Explain its influence on hydrographic surveying, marine scientific investigations, and environmental impact.	
Near Shore and Offshore	Describe the United Nations Convention of the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS), Canada's Oceans Act, and Canada's offshore boundary regime. Describe federal, provincial and territorial laws and regulations related to coastal and ocean management.	
Maritime Law	Describe applicable maritime law to Canada's rivers, lakes, near shore and offshore. Describe the basic process of marine accident investigations and court cases, in relation to hydrographic issues.	
Marine Cadastre	Describe the concepts and practicalities of a marine cadastre.	

With respect to reference material for Section 19 the candidate may have already taken C9: Survey Law, and the following reference material should have already been obtained.

From the CBEPS web site extracts from the new Survey Law in Canada text at https://www.cbeps-cceaq.ca/guides-for-sale

Water Boundary Issues – Maritime Boundary Delimitation by David Gray (2011)

Water Boundary Issues – Eastern Canada by Izaak De Rijcke (2012)

Water Boundary Issues – Prairie Provinces by Ken Allred (2014)

In addition, the candidate may already have the text available from the Association of Canada Lands Surveyors by Bruce Calderbank et al., *Canada's Offshore: Jurisdiction, Rights and Management* published in 2006. Copies can be purchased from www.acls-aatc.ca or via www.trafford.com using ISBN 9781412078160.

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Essential Reference Material:

The associated E2 Study Material contains all of the essential material and associated essential references. In addition, there are many commercial and government sources available online which the candidate can access for further information. Some of the governmental organizations which provide publically available information are listed in alphabetical order below.

Source	Organization	Web Address
CHS	Canadian Hydrographic Service, Nautical	http://www.charts.gc.ca/data-gestion/hydrographic/hydrographic-eng.asp
	Charts, Data Products and Surveys,	
	Hydrographic Surveys	
IHO	International Hydrographic Organization,	http://www.iho.int/iho_pubs/IHO_Download.htm
	Standards and Publications, Downloads	
UNB	University of New Brunswick, Ocean Mapping	http://www.omg.unb.ca/GGE/JHC_courses.html
	and Research	
NOAA	United States National Oceanic and Atmospheric	http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/pub.html
	Administration	
USACE	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	http://www.publications.usace.army.mil/USACEPublications/EngineerManuals.aspx
	Publications, Engineering Manuals	

For further reading the candidate may choose to access these documents all of which were available as of March 2015.

Subject:	Subject: Comprehensive Treatment of Hydrographic Surveying			
Source	Title	Web Address		
CHS	Standards for Hydrographic Surveys published 2005	http://www.charts.gc.ca/data-gestion/hydrographic/standards-normes-		
		eng.pdf		
IHO	C-13 Manual on Hydrography, 1st Edition published May	http://www.iho-ohi.net/iho_pubs/CB/C13_Index.htm		
	2005 with corrections to February 2011			
UNB	GGE 3353, Imaging and Mapping II, Submarine Acoustic	http://www.omg.unb.ca/GGE/SE_3353.html		
	Imaging Methods last updated September 2010			
USACE	Hydrographic Surveying published 2013	http://www.publications.usace.army.mil/USACEPublications/EngineerM		
		anuals/tabid/16439/u43544q/687964726F67726170686963/Default.as		
		<u>px</u>		

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Subject	Subject: International Standards for Hydrographic Data Collection			
Source		Web Address		
IHO	S-44 Standards for Hydrographic Surveying, 5 th Edition, published February 2008	http://www.iho.int/iho_pubs/standard/S-44_5E.pdf		
Subject:	Tides, Tidal Currents and Currents			
Source		Web Address		
NOAA	Tidal Datums and Their Applications, NOAA Special Publications NOS CO-OPS 1 published June 2000	http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/publications/tidal_datums_and_their_applications.pdf		
NOAA	Computational Techniques for Tidal Datums Handbook, NOAA Special Publications NOS CO-OPS 2 published September 2003	http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/publications/Computational Techniques for Tidal Datums handbook.pdf		
NOAA	Tidal Analysis and Prediction, NOAA Special Publication NOS CO-OP 3 published July 2007	http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/publications/Tidal_Analysis_and_Predictions.pdf		
NOAA	Understanding Tides, by Steacy Dopp Hicks published December 2006	http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/publications/Understanding Tides by Steacy finalFINAL11 30.pdf		
NOAA	Tidal Currents, Educational Pamphlet #4 published April 1981	http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/publications/TidalCurrentsEducational Pamphlet4.pdf		
UNB	GGE 5013, Oceanography for Hydrographic Surveyors last updated September 2008	http://www.omg.unb.ca/GGE/GGE5013_Current.html		
CHS	Canadian Tidal Manual by W.D. Forrester from the Permanent Service for Mean Sea Level, Training and Information, Reading Lists, Tides and Sea Level	http://www.psmsl.org/train_and_info/training/reading/canadian_manual.php		
Subject	 : Specifications			
Source		Web Address		
NOAA	NOS Hydrographic Survey Specifications and Deliverables published April 2014	http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/hsd/specs/SPECS 2014.pdf		
Subject:	Subject: Hydrographic Terms and Acronyms			
Source		Web Address		
IHO	S-32 Hydrographic Dictionary, 5th Edition published 1994	http://hd.iho.int/en/index.php/Main Page		

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