Introduction

The hydrographic surveying mandatory syllabus item C12 criteria covers general aspects of hydrographic surveying which may be required in a typical Canadian land surveying practice. The emphasis is placed on a general understanding of the principles, equipment and processes for hydrographic surveying.

Whilst conducting this work there are a variety of sensors that could be deployed to measure and map the bed, image and find debris. Hence the C12 criterion provides information on single beam echo sounder (SBES), multibeam echo sounder (MBES), and side scan sonar (SSS).

The information provided in the C12 criteria should allow the candidate sufficient knowledge to be able to understand the complexity of a typical hydrographic survey, AND appreciate the candidate's own limitations to execute such surveys.

Should any candidate become involved in these surveys, it is suggested that at least the Transport Canada Marine Emergency Duties A1 or A3, and Small Vessel Operator Proficiency certificates are obtained before any of these surveys is carried out.

If a candidate wishes to pursue advanced hydrographic surveying aspects and techniques, they should consider the elective E2, which requires a fuller and more in depth understanding of the C12 topics.

Programmable calculators may be used in the examinations of this item; however, candidates must show all formulae used, the substitution of values into them, and any intermediate values to 2 more significant figures than warranted for the answer. Otherwise, full marks may not be awarded even though the answer is numerically correct. A collection of formulae are provided with the examination questions.

Recommended Prior Knowledge and Skills

Item C1: Mathematics

Item C2: Least-Squares Estimation and Data Analysis

Item C3: Advanced Surveying

Item C4: Coordinate Systems and Map Projections

Item C5: Geospatial Information Systems

Item C6: Geodetic Positioning (which includes GNSS RTK)

Item C7: Remote Sensing and Photogrammetry

Item C9: Survey Law

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Learning Outcomes

In order to fulfil the requirements of this syllabus item, each candidate should possess, at an introductory level, knowledge of the following topics.

1. Underwater Acoustics

| Topic | Outcome | |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| Acoustic Velocity | Describe effects of the physical properties of water on the calculation of the speed of sound in fresh, mixed and sea water. Understand how to calculate sound speed from measurements of temperature, pressure (depth), and salinity (conductivity). | |
| Sound Wave Propagation | Understand how sound wave refract and reflect as they propagate according to Snell's law. Describe Harmonic Mean Sound Speed and how it is used in single beam sounding reduction. | |
| Acoustic System Parameters | Define frequency, wavelength, amplitude, beamwidth, pulse duration (pulse length), pulse repetition rate, detection threshold, bandwidth, resolution, continuous wave pulse, Linear Frequency Modulated (CHIRP) pulse. | |

2. Single Beam Echo Sounders (SBES)

| Topic | Outcome | |
|--------------------|---|--|
| Transducers | Discriminate between the following types of transducers: narrow beam, | |
| | wide beam, parametric. Explain methods of mounting transducers: hull, | |
| | towed, over the side, and boom. | |
| Data Recording | Differentiate between analogue and digital recording systems and media. | |
| Sounder | Evaluate and select appropriate echo sounder calibration methods and | |
| Calibration | equipment for specific applications. | |
| Sounding | Explain and apply the reductions to measured depths due to water level | |
| Reduction | variations, draft, dynamic draft (settlement, squat, fuel depletion, and | |
| | buoyancy changes) and speed of sound in water. Evaluate and apply all | |
| | appropriate factors affecting depth reductions for specific applications. | |
| Sounding | Calculate and assess the uncertainty in soundings due to errors in the | |
| Accuracy (or Error | positioning system, SBES, water level measurement, vessel motion, | |
| Budget) | speed of sound in water, and seabed topography. Evaluate and select | |
| | appropriate methods for controlling or reducing sounding uncertainty for | |
| | specific applications. | |
| System Selection | Identify SBES characteristics that affect performance in varying survey | |
| | applications. Specify appropriate SBES characteristics (e.g. resolution, | |
| | depth capability, frequency, bandwidth, beamwidth) for specific | |
| | applications. | |
| Equipment | Understand the technical limitations of various SBES systems and | |
| Evaluation | understand how to select the appropriate system for a given requirement. | |

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3. Multibeam Echo Sounder (MBES)

| Topic | Outcome |
|---|--|
| Multibeam Transducers Explain the basic principles of MBES transmit and receive beam for and steering using flat or curved transducers. Describe the differencing between beam forming and phase differencing multibeam systems. Understand the importance of sound velocity in determining sound direction. | |
| Coverage and Accuracy (or Error Budget) | Explain the dependence of depth coverage and uncertainty on bandwidth, beamwidth, swath width, beam elevation angle, grazing and incident angles, depth, pulse repetition rate, speed of sound in water uncertainty, vessel attitude and motion (speed, heave, roll, pitch, heading and yaw). |
| MBES Calibration | Explain the effects on depth and position uncertainty of errors in sensor locations, system latency and alignments within the vessel reference frame. Explain how to establish the vessel reference frame and sensor offsets and alignments. Define the "patch test". Select test area and lines to be run for "patch test". Calibrate the misalignments between transducer and motion sensor. |
| Importance of | , |
| Time Importance of Motion | and surveys. Discuss how time can be managed. Understand the effect of vessel motion on multibeam systems and how that motion can be measured. |
| MBES Data Describe issues affecting acquisition, processing, storage and retrie multibeam data. Explain methods for managing data quality. Specific design a multibeam data management strategy for specific applicat | |
| Equipment Evaluation | Understand the technical limitations of various MBES systems and understand how to select the appropriate system for a given requirement. |

4. Side Scan Sonar (SSS)

| Topic | Outcome |
|---------------------|---|
| Side Scan Sonar | Describe the principles, geometry, and deployment of side scan sonar |
| Systems | systems. Explain the effect on side scan sonar performance (range, |
| | resolution and target detection) of frequency, beam angle, range scale, |
| | gain, towing speed, and deployment (deep tow, shallow tow and pole |
| | mount). Evaluate and select appropriate side scan sonar frequency, |
| | features and deployment, for specific applications. |
| Side Scan Sonar | Determine height and size of obstructions from sonar records. Describe |
| Data Interpretation | sources of side scan image distortion. Explain sonar signatures of such |
| | items as debris, wrecks, pipelines, gas, fish and divers. |
| System Selection | Identify side scan sonar characteristics that affect performance in varying |
| | survey applications. Specify appropriate side scan sonar characteristics |
| | (e.g. resolution, frequency, bandwidth, and beamwidth) for specific |
| | applications. |
| SSS vs MBES | Explain the differences between side scan sonar and similar data |
| | provided by MBES. |
| Equipment | Understand the technical limitations of various SSS systems and |
| Evaluation | understand how to select the appropriate system for a given requirement. |

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5. Tide and Non-Tidal Water Levels

| Topic | Outcome | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Tidal | Describe tide generating forces. Describe the major harmonic | | |
| Fundamentals | constituents. Identify and recognise the different types of tide. Define different tidal levels. Classify tidal regimes. | | |
| Tidal | Explain the principles of various types of water level gauges and poles. | | |
| Measurements | Describe characteristics of river, coastal and offshore water level gauges. | | |
| | Evaluate and select appropriate instruments and sites for water level monitoring. | | |
| Tidal Streams and | Describe the relation between streams and tides. Describe methods for | | |
| Currents | measuring tidal streams and currents, including log ship, pole, current | | |
| | meters and ADCP (Acoustic Doppler Profilers). | | |
| Tidal Information | Predict water levels for main and secondary ports, using tide tables. | | |
| | Calculate water level at a particular time, and/or calculate the time at | | |
| | which a specific height will occur. | | |
| Non-Tidal Water | Describe the temporal and spatial effects on water level caused by: | | |
| Level Variations atmospheric pressure, wind, seiches, and precipitation. Ident | | | |
| | level variations occurring in rivers and lakes, and due to dam operations. | | |
| | Evaluate and select appropriate locations for water level gauges in rivers, | | |
| | lakes, and near dams, for specific applications. | | |

6. Vertical Positioning

| Topic | Outcome |
|---|---|
| Previous Datums | Describe the means of relating historical vertical datums, how these came about and their relationship with currently accepted Canadian reference frames. Describe practical methods to confirm these relationships in theory and on site. |
| Vertical Datum Fundamentals | Explain and describe the characteristics of height systems (e.g. dynamic, orthometric and normal heights). Differentiate between gravity related and ellipsoidal heights. |
| Datums | Describe the role of, and methods of establishing, the various vertical datums used in hydrographic operations (e.g. Chart, Sounding, MSL, LAT, LW, and HW datums). Select, establish, interpolate and transfer datums in coastal waters, estuaries, rivers, and lakes for soundings and elevations. |
| Elevation Measurements and Computations | Describe methods for determining differences in elevation (e.g. by spirit level, vertical angle by theodolite, GNSS RTK and GNSS). Correct for effects of curvature and refraction, where appropriate. Compare and evaluate the observing methods and procedures for the determination of elevation. Select an appropriate system for specific applications. |
| Heave | Describe the principles and limitations of heave compensation systems. Describe the role of filtering in making heave measurements. Evaluate and select appropriate heave compensation systems for specific applications. |
| Orientation | Describe the operation of heading sensors (e.g. flux-gate and other magnetic, fibre-optic and gyro compasses). Explain the principles of inertial roll and pitch sensors. Describe the principles and limitations of GNSS attitude sensors. Evaluate and select appropriate heading, roll and pitch sensors, for specific applications. Describe field alignment checking procedures. |

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7. Understanding of Principles and Technology

| Topic | Outcome | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Instrumentation | Compare specifications of bathymetric systems SBES, MBES, SSS and other techniques. Explain the importance of the correct installation and determination of the attitude and position of each sensor. | |
| Operations | Describe the roles of the following survey parameters: scale, positional accuracy, survey speed, line orientation, interlines, cross lines, fix interval, data coverage. Explain methods for quality control of survey data, and the quality assurance of surveys. Describe cost estimating, and project scheduling. Create specifications for specific surveys, including appropriate requirements for scale, positional accuracy, survey speed, line orientation, interlines, cross lines, fix interval, and data coverage. Explain the methods to be used for quality control of survey data, and the quality assurance of surveys. | |
| Survey Data Processing | Describe the requirements for processing of hydrographic survey data. Explain the use of Geographical Information Systems (GIS) within the marine environment. Explain the electronic charting concept as a special form of GIS. Describe the hydrographic applications of 3D modelling and visualisation. | |

8. Hydrographic Surveys

| Topic | Outcome | |
|--------------------|---|--|
| Surveys in Support | Describe and distinguish between surveys for river crossings and bridge | |
| of River Crossings | works. | |
| and Engineering | | |
| Surveys in Support | Describe and distinguish between surveys for dredging, environmental | |
| of Port | monitoring and hydraulics, including surveys at a large scale. Describe | |
| Management and | the methods and instruments used (e.g. geotechnical, magnetic, diving, | |
| Coastal | and under water cameras). | |
| Engineering | | |
| Nautical Charting | Describe the purposes of nautical charting surveys for rivers, lakes and the near shore to ensure safety of navigation. Define the components of a nautical charting survey (general depths, wrecks and obstructions, shorelines, navigation aids, etc.). Describe the IHO S44 specifications for hydrographic surveys. | |

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Essential Reference Material:

The associated C12 Study Material contains all of the essential material and associated essential references.

| Source | Organization | Web Address |
|--------|---|---|
| CHS | | http://www.charts.gc.ca/data-gestion/standards-normes/1-eng.asp |
| | Hydrographic Surveys, 2013 | |
| CHS | Canadian Hydrographic Service, Management | http://www.charts.gc.ca/data-gestion/guidelines-directrices/index-eng.asp |
| | Guidelines for Hydrographic Surveys, 2013 | |
| IHO | S-44 Standards for Hydrographic Surveying, 5th | https://www.iho.int/iho_pubs/IHO_Download.htm |
| | Edition, published February 2008 | |
| IHO | C-13 Manual on Hydrography, 1st Edition | https://www.iho.int/iho_pubs/IHO_Download.htm |
| | published May 2005 with corrections to February | |
| | 2011 | |

Secondary Reference Material:

In addition to the essential reference material, there are many commercial and government sources available online which the candidate can access for further information. Some of the governmental organizations which provide publicly available information are listed in alphabetical order below.

| Source | Organization | Web Address |
|--------|--|---|
| IHO | International Hydrographic Organization, | http://www.iho.int/iho_pubs/IHO_Download.htm |
| | Standards and Publications, Downloads | |
| UNB | University of New Brunswick, Ocean Mapping | http://www.omg.unb.ca/GGE/JHC courses.html |
| | and Research | |
| NOAA | United States National Oceanic and Atmospheric | http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/pub.html |
| | Administration | |
| USACE | United States Army Corps of Engineers | http://www.publications.usace.army.mil/USACEPublications/EngineerManuals.aspx |
| | Publications, Engineering Manuals | |

For further reading the candidate may choose to access these documents all of which were available as of August 2017.

| Subject: | Comprehensive Treatment of Hydrographic Surveying | |
|---|--|--|
| Source | Title | Web Address |
| UNB | GGE 3353, Imaging and Mapping II, Submarine Acoustic | http://www.omg.unb.ca/GGE/SE_3353.html |
| Imaging Methods last updated September 2010 | | |

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| USACE | Hydrographic Surveying published 2013 | http://www.publications.usace.army.mil/USACEPublications/EngineerM | |
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| | | anuals/tabid/16439/u43544q/687964726F67726170686963/Default.as | |
| | | <u>px</u> | |
| | | | |
| Subject: | : Tides, Tidal Currents and Currents | | |
| Source | Title | Web Address | |
| NOAA | Tidal Datums and Their Applications, NOAA Special | http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/publications/tidal datums and their | |
| | Publications NOS CO-OPS 1 published June 2000 | applications.pdf | |
| NOAA | Computational Techniques for Tidal Datums Handbook, | http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/publications/Computational Techniqu | |
| | NOAA Special Publications NOS CO-OPS 2 published | es for Tidal Datums handbook.pdf | |
| | September 2003 | | |
| NOAA | Tidal Analysis and Prediction, NOAA Special Publication | http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/publications/Tidal Analysis and Pred | |
| | NOS CO-OP 3 published July 2007 | ictions.pdf | |
| NOAA | Understanding Tides, by Steacy Dopp Hicks published | http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/publications/Understanding Tides by | |
| | December 2006 | Steacy finalFINAL11 30.pdf | |
| NOAA | Tidal Currents, Educational Pamphlet #4 published April | http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/publications/TidalCurrentsEducational | |
| | 1981 | Pamphlet4.pdf | |
| UNB | GGE 5013, Oceanography for Hydrographic Surveyors last | http://www.omg.unb.ca/GGE/GGE5013 Current.html | |
| | updated September 2008 | | |
| CHS | Canadian Tidal Manual by W.D. Forrester from the | http://www.psmsl.org/train and info/training/reading/canadian manual. | |
| | Permanent Service for Mean Sea Level, Training and | php | |
| | Information, Reading Lists, Tides and Sea Level | | |
| | | | |
| Subject: | Specifications | | |
| Source | Title | Web Address | |
| NOAA | NOS Hydrographic Survey Specifications and Deliverables | https://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/hsd/specs/HSSD 2017.pdf | |
| | published April 2014 | | |
| | | | |
| Subject: Hydrographic Terms and Acronyms | | | |
| Source | Title | Web Address | |
| IHO | S-32 Hydrographic Dictionary, 5th Edition published 1994 | http://hd.iho.int/en/index.php/Main Page | |
| L | | | |

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